

5mm Infrared LED KEL-504C-FH

SIVAGO[®]
SEMICONDUCTOR

Features

High reliability

High radiant intensity

Peak wavelength $\lambda_p=940\text{nm}$

2.54mm Lead spacing

Low forward voltage

Pb Free

This product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.



Application

Free air transmission system

Infrared remote control units with high power requirement

Smoke detector

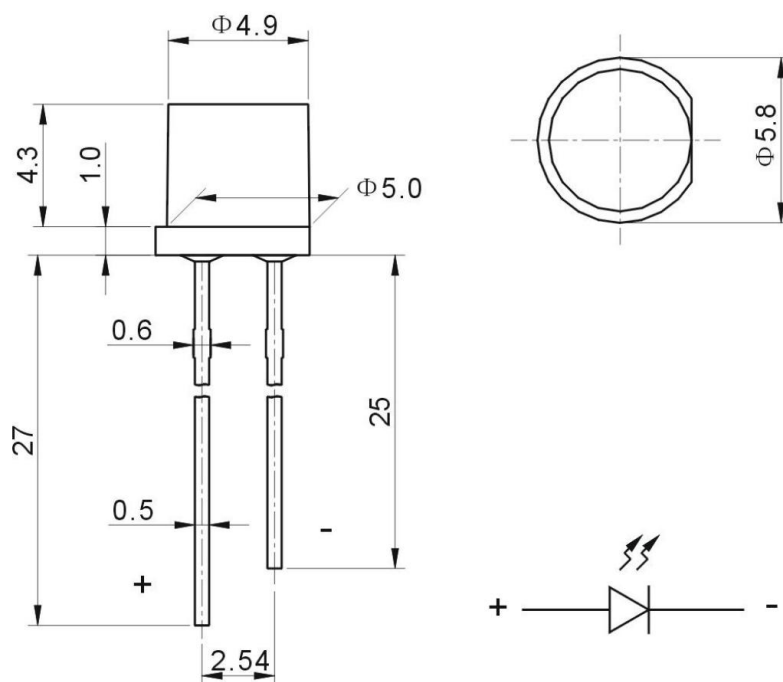
Infrared applied system

Compliance with EU REACH

Compliance Halogen Free(Br < 900ppm, Cl < 900ppm, Br+Cl < 1500ppm)

Description

Infrared Emitting Diode (KEL-504C-FH) is a high intensity diode , molded in a water clear plastic package.The device is spectrally matched with phototransistor , photodiode and infrared receiver module.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**NOTES:**

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT TA =25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Continuous Forward Current	I _F	20	mA
Power Dissipation at (or below) 25°C Free Air Temperature	P _d	150	mW
Transient Peak Current (Pulse width=100 μs, Duty cycle=1%)	I _{FP}	200	mA
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature*	T _{stg}	-40~+85	°C
Soldering Temperature	T _{sol}	260	°C

Notes: *1:I_{FP} Conditions--Pulse Width≤100μs and Duty≤1%.

*2:Soldering time≤5 seconds.

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Forward Voltage	V_F	1.1	1.2		V	$I_F=20mA$
Radiant Intensity	I_e	7	10		mW/sr	$I_F=20mA$
Peak Wavelength	λ_P		940		nm	$I_F=20mA$
Reverse Current	I_R			10	μA	$V_R=5V$
Viewing Angle	θ		120		deg	$I_F=20mA$

Typical Electrical-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

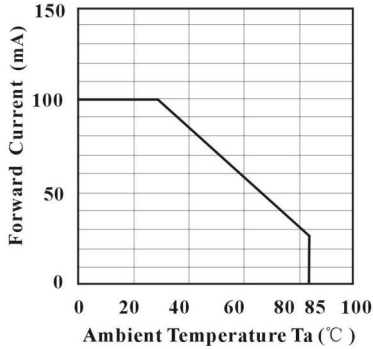


Fig.2 Spectral Sensitivity

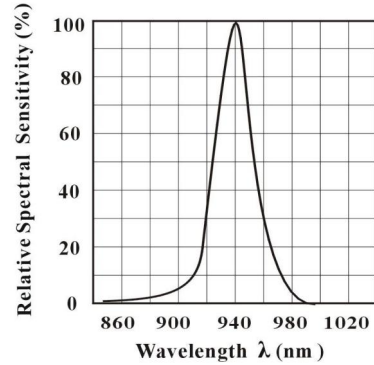


Fig.3 Peak Emission WaveLength vs. Ambient Temperature

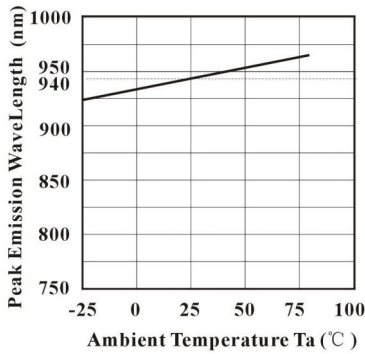


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

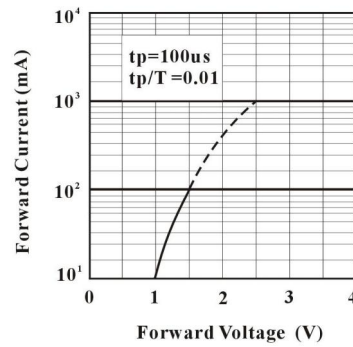


Fig.5 Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

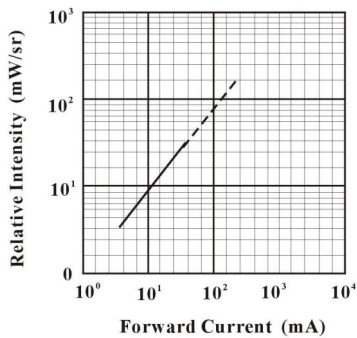
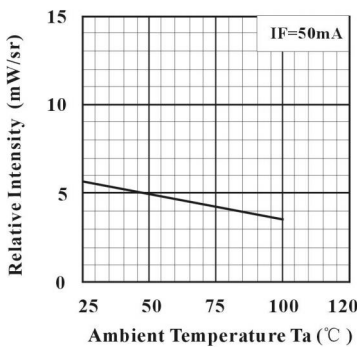


Fig.7 Relative Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature (°C)



Beam Patter

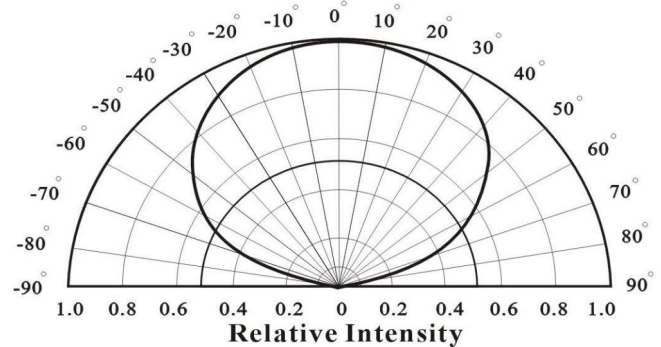
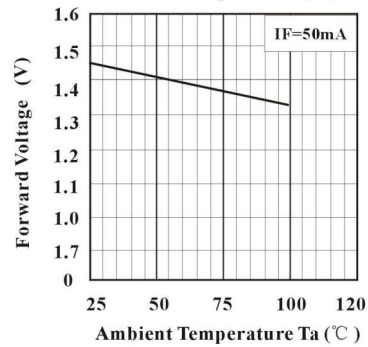


Fig.8 Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (°C)



Packing Quantity Specification

1. 1000Pcs/1Bag,8 Bag/1Box
2. 4Boxes/1Carton

Label Form Specification

製品名 PRODUCT	
コードNo. CODE No.	
数量 Q'TY	
ロットNo. LOT No.	
備考 REMARKS	
	

- PRODUCT: Part Number
- CODE NO.: Product Serial Number
- QTY: Packing Quantity
- LOT No: Lot Number
- REMARKS:Remarks

Notes**Lead Forming**

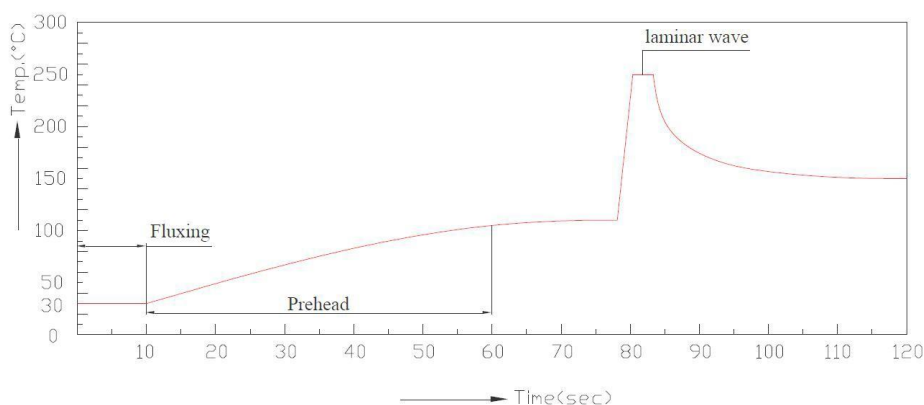
1. During lead formation, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb.
2. Lead forming should be done before soldering.
3. Avoid stressing the LED package during leads forming. The stress to the base may damage the LED's characteristics or it may break the LEDs.
4. Cut the LED lead frames at room temperature. Cutting the lead frames at high temperatures may cause failure of the LEDs.
5. When mounting the LEDs onto a PCB, the PCB holes must be aligned exactly with the lead position of the LED. If the LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the epoxy resin and this will degrade the LEDs.

Soldering

- Careful attention should be paid during soldering. When soldering, leave more than 3mm from solder joint to epoxy bulb, and soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.
- Recommended soldering conditions:

Hand Soldering		DIP Soldering	
Temp. at tip of iron	300°C Max. (30W Max.)	Preheat temp.	100°C Max. (60 sec Max.)
Soldering time	3 sec Max.	Bath temp. & time	260 Max., 5 sec Max
Distance	3mm Min.(From solder joint to epoxy bulb)	Distance	3mm Min. (From solder joint to epoxy bulb)

3. Recommended soldering profile



- Avoiding applying any stress to the lead frame while the LEDs are at high temperature particularly when soldering.
- Dip and hand soldering should not be done more than one time
- After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.
- Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, dip or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintain according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave.

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